

TRANSCRIPTION

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Definition

Cellular process in which RNA is synthesized using DNA as a template known as **TRANSCRIPTION**.



DNA



RNA

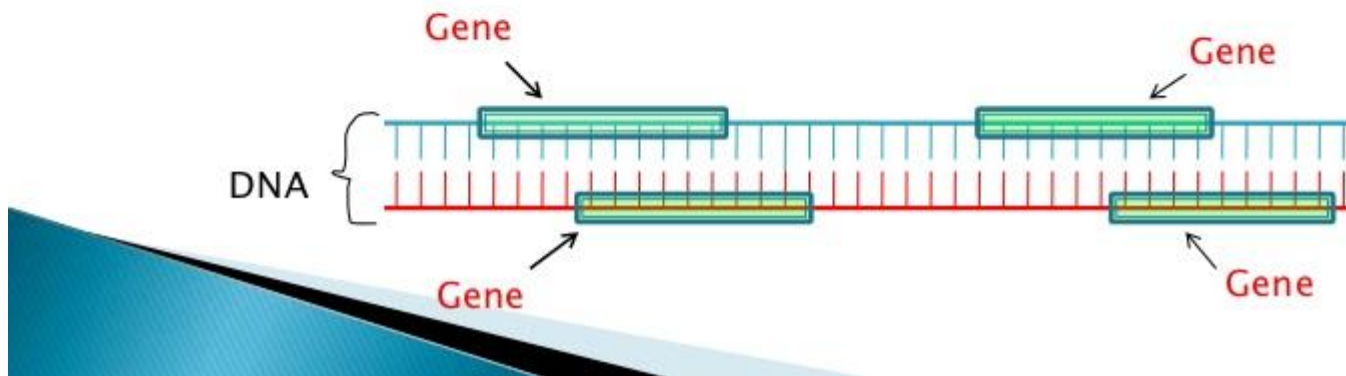


RNA

- ▶ Polymer of ribonucleotide held together by 3'→5' phosphodiester bridge & are single stranded.
- ▶ Is the only molecule known to function both in the storage & transmission of genetic information & in catalysis.
- ▶ All RNAs except the RNA genomes of certain viruses derived from information which is stored permanently in DNA.



- ▶ In replication entire DNA molecule is normally copied.
- ▶ In transcription a particular gene or group of genes are copied at any time, & some portions of DNA are never transcribed.
- ▶ Gene is a segment of DNA that codes for a type of **Protein** or for **RNA** & may present on any strand of DNA (contain many genes.)



Features of transcription

- ▶ **1)** It is highly selective.
- ▶ This selectivity is due to signals embedded in the nucleotide sequence of DNA.
- ▶ Specific sequences mark the beginning and end of the DNA segment which is to be transcribed.
- ▶ This signals instruct the enzyme

**where to start & stop the transcription
when to start,
how often to start .**



features


- ▶ **2)** Many of the RNA transcripts are synthesized as precursors that is known as primary transcripts.
- ▶ Which on modifications & trimming converted into functional RNA .
- ▶ **SITE:**
- ▶ **Transcription** – Prokaryotes– cytoplasm(all RNAs).
Eukaryotes– Nucleus & mitochondria
 - a) Nucleolus – rRNA
 - b) Nucleoplasm –tRNA & mRNA.



- ▶ The basic biochemistry of RNA synthesis is similar in prokaryotes & eukaryotes, but its regulation is more complex in eukaryotes.
- ▶ RNA synthesis in prokaryotes is catalyzed by a large enzyme called as
- ▶ **DNA dependent RNA polymerase
or RNA polymerase**

A single enzyme, RNA polymerase, synthesizes all types cellular RNAs in prokaryotes.

RNA polymerase use one of the DNA strand as **template** on which complimentary ribonucleotides are incorporate to synthesize RNA.



- ▶ The strand of DNA which is transcribed to RNA called as **template strand**.
- ▶ Opposite strand is referred as **coding strand**.

