

Standard Error:

S.E. is measure of chance variation and it is not an error or mistake. or the S.D. of the sampling distribution is called the S.E.

It is calculated by the ratio of S.D. of the sample is divided by the square root of the total no. of observation.

$$S.E. = \frac{S.D.}{\sqrt{N}}$$

WORK TO DO

Where, S.E. = standard error

S.D. = standard deviation

\sqrt{N} = square root of the total no. of observation.

Unpaired data:single mean:-

Q. Size of five fishes in cm 2, 5, 3, 4, 1 respectively. Find out the S.E. of mean.

Solution:

Size of Fish X	$X - \bar{X} = d$ $\because \bar{X} = 3$	Deviation d	d^2
2	2 - 3	-1	1
5	5 - 3	+2	4
3	3 - 3	0	0
4	4 - 3	+1	1
1	1 - 3	-2	4

$$\Sigma X = 15$$

$$N = 5$$

$$\therefore \bar{X} = \frac{15}{5} = 3$$

$$\Sigma d^2 = 10$$

$$\therefore S.D. = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma d^2}{N-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{10}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{10}{4}} = \sqrt{2.5} = 1.5.$$

Putting the value of S.D. in the following formula —

$$S.E. = \frac{S.D.}{\sqrt{N}} = \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1.5}{2.23} \\ = 0.67$$

Double Means or Paired :-

S.E. of difference between two means :-

$$S.E. = (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \\ = \sqrt{\frac{SD_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{SD_2^2}{n_2}}$$

8. In a study on growth of children one group of 100 children had a mean height of 80 cm and S.D. of 2.5 cm while another group of 150 children had a mean height of 82 cm & S.D. of 3 cm. Find S.E. of difference.

calculation :-

$$S.E. = (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \\ = \sqrt{\frac{SD_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{SD_2^2}{n_2}} \\ = \sqrt{\frac{(2.5)^2}{100} + \frac{(3)^2}{150}} \\ = \sqrt{\frac{6.25}{100} + \frac{9}{150}}$$

APPOINTMENTS

WORK TO DO

PHONES

APPOINTMENTS

1 WEDNESDAY

MARCH

$$= \sqrt{\frac{18.75 + 18}{300}}$$

$$S.E = \sqrt{\frac{36.75}{300}} = \sqrt{0.12}$$

$$= 0.34$$

WORK TO DO

PHONES