

Maxwell Thermodynamic relation

Third Thermodynamic relation

$$(dP/dT)_V = (dS/dV)_T$$

Proof : In terms of Helmholtz free energy (A) , the equation is defined

as $A = U - TS$

Differentiating this we get

$$dA = dU - TdS - SdT$$

$$= - PdV - SdT ,$$

(4)

Eq(1) gives

$$dU - TdS = - PdV .$$

In (4) A is a function of independent variables V and T . Since dA is an exact differential , it follows from (4)

$$P = - (dA/dV)_T$$

$$S = - (dA/dT)_V$$

and

$$(dP/dT)_V = (dS/dV)_T$$

This is called third Maxwell thermodynamic relation .

Fourth thermodynamic relation

$$(dV/dT)_P = - (dS/dP)_T$$

Proof : In terms of Gibb's function G is defined as

$$G = U - TS + PV = A + PV$$

On differentiating we get

$$dG = dA + PdV + VdP ,$$

Using (4) it can be written as

$$dG = VdP - SdT , \tag{5}$$

where G is a function of independent variables P and T . In this case dG is an exact differential, so that we find

$$V = (dG / dP)_T$$

$$S = - (dG / dT)_P \quad (6)$$

and

$$(dV / dT)_P = - (dS / dP)_T$$

This is called Maxwell fourth thermodynamic relation .

