

## \* Gauss-Seidal Iteration Method :-

This is a modification of the Jacobi's iteration method. As before we start with initial approximations  $x_0, y_0, z_0$  (each = 0) for  $x, y, z$  respectively. Substituting  $y = y_0, z = z_0$  in the first (i) Equation of this Equations

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= k_1 - l_1 y - m_1 z & \text{--- (i)} \\ y &= k_2 - l_2 x - m_2 z & \text{--- (ii)} \\ z &= k_3 - l_3 x - m_3 y & \text{--- (iii)} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{--- (2)}$$

We get

$$x_1 = k_1$$

Then putting  $x = x_1, z = z_0$  in the (ii) of the Eqn (2) we have -

$$y_1 = k_2 - l_2 x_1 - m_2 z_0$$

Next substituting  $x = x_1, y = y_1$  in the (iii) of the Eqn (2)

We get

$$z_1 = k_3 - l_3 x_1 - m_3 y_1$$

and so on i.e. as soon as new approximation for an unknown is found, it is immediately used in the next step.

This process of iteration is continued till convergency to be desired degree of accuracy is obtained.

Exp. Apply Gauss-Seidal iteration method to solve the equations:

$$20x + y - 2z = 17$$

$$3x + 20y - z = -18$$

$$2x - 3y + 20z = 25$$

Solution

We write the given equations in the form

$$x = \frac{1}{20} (17 - y + 2z) \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{20} (-18 - 3x + z) \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$z = \frac{1}{20} (25 - 2x + 3y) \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

} --- (1)

1) For the first iteration,

We start from the approximation  $x_0, y_0, z_0 = 0$

Substituting  $y = y_0$  and  $z = z_0$  in the right side of the first (i) of equations (1), we get

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{20} (17 - y_0 + 2z_0) = \frac{1}{20} (17 - 0 + 2 \times 0) =$$

$$x_1 = \frac{17}{20} = 0.85$$

Putting  $x = x_1$  and  $z = z_0$  in the second (ii) of Eq (1) we get

$$y_1 = \frac{1}{20} (-18 - 3x_1 + z_0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} (-18 - 3 \times 0.85 + 0) = -1.0275$$

Putting  $x = x_1, y = y_1$  in the third (iii) of the Eq (1)

We have

$$z_1 = \frac{1}{20} (25 - 2x_1 + 3y_1)$$

$$z_1 = 1.0109$$

2) For the second iteration we have

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{2_0} (17 - y_1 + 2z_1) = \frac{1}{2_0} (17 - (-1.0275) + 2 \times (1.0109))$$

$$x_2 = 1.0025$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1}{2_0} (-18 - 3x_2 + z_1) = \frac{1}{2_0} (-18 - 3 \times (1.0025) + 1.0109)$$

$$y_2 = -0.9998$$

$$z_2 = \frac{1}{2_0} (25 - 2x_2 + 3y_2) = \frac{1}{2_0} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 25 - 2 \times (1.0025) + \\ 3 \times (-0.9998) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$z_2 = 0.9998$$

3) For the third iteration, we get

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{2_0} (17 - y_2 + 2z_2) = \frac{1}{2_0} (17 - (-0.9998) + 2 \times (0.9998))$$

$$x_3 = 1.0000$$

$$y_3 = \frac{1}{2_0} (-18 - 3x_3 + z_2) = \frac{1}{2_0} (-18 - 3 \times (1.0) + 0.9998)$$

$$y_3 = -1.0000$$

$$z_3 = \frac{1}{2_0} (25 - 2x_3 + 3y_3) = \frac{1}{2_0} (25 - 2 \times (1.0) + 3 \times (-1.0))$$

$$z_3 = 1.0000$$

The values in the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> iterations being practically the same, we can stop iteration for next. Hence the solution of the equations is -

$$x = 1.0 \quad y = -1.0 \quad \text{and} \quad z = 1.0$$