

Exp. Given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$  where  $f(x, y) = y - x$   
find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  using correct to four decimal  
places.

Solution (1) Runge-Kutta = second order formula  
 $y_1 = y_0 + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)$

We find  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  from  $h=0.1$  and  
 $f(x, y) = y - x$ ,  $x_0 = 0$  &  $y_0 = 2$  then

$$k_1 = h f(x_0, y_0)$$

$$f(x, y) = y - x \text{ given}$$

then

$$f(x_0, y_0) = y_0 - x_0 = 2 - 0 = 2$$

$$k_1 = 0.1(2) = 0.2$$

$$k_2 = h f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_1)$$

$$f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_1) = (y_0 + k_1) - (x_0 + h)$$

$$= (2 + 0.2) - (0 + 0.1)$$

$$k_2 = 2.2 - 0.1 = 2.1$$

$$\text{then } y_1 = y_0 + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)$$

$$y_1 = y(0.1) = 2 + \frac{1}{2}(0.2 + 2.1) = 2.105$$

To determine  $y_2 = y(0.2)$

We note that  $x_0 = 0.1$  and  $y_0 = 2.105$

then  $f(x_0, y_0) = y_0 - x_0 = 2.105 - 0.1$

$$f(x_0, y_0) = 2.005$$

$$k_1 = h \cdot f(x_0, y_0)$$

$$k_1 = 0.1 (2.105) = 0.2105$$

$$k_2 = 0.1 [(2.205 + 2.105) - (0.1 + 0.1)]$$

$$k_2 = 0.1 [2.4155 - 0.2] = 0.22155$$

then

$$y_2 = y(0.2) = y_0 + \frac{1}{2} (k_1 + k_2)$$

$$= 2.205 + \frac{1}{2} (0.2105 + 0.22155)$$

$$= 2.205 + \frac{1}{2} (0.43205)$$

$$= 2.205 + 0.216025$$

$$= 2.421025$$

$$y_2 = y(0.2) = 2.4210$$

Proceeding in a similar way we obtain  
 $y_3(0.3)$  and  $y_4(0.4)$   
from  $x_0 = 0.2$  and  $y_0 = 2.4210$

$$\text{then } f(x_0, y_0) = y_0 - x_0$$

$$= 2.4210 - 0.2$$

$$f(x_0, y_0) = 2.2210$$

$$k_1 = h \cdot f(x_0, y_0) = 0.1 (2.2210)$$

$$k_1 = 0.22210$$

$$k_2 = h [(y_0 + k_1) - (x_0 + h)]$$

$$= 0.1 [(2.4210 + 0.22210) - (0.2 + 0.1)]$$

$$k_2 = 0.1 [2.6431 - 0.3] = 0.23431$$

$$y_3 \approx y(0.3) = y_0 + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)$$

$$= 2.4210 + \frac{1}{2}(0.22210 + 0.23431)$$

$$= 2.4210 + \frac{1}{2}(0.45641)$$

$$= 2.4210 + 0.228205$$

$$y_3 = y(0.3) = 2.6492$$

Similarly for  $y_4 = y(0.4)$  from

$$x_0 = 0.3 \text{ \& } y_0 = 2.6492$$

Same process as proceeding way

$$y_4 = y(0.4) = 2.8909$$

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